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Quick Start Guide for The Delphix Engine

These topics describe the basic processes for setting up environments, setting up dSources, provisioning VDBs, and then deleting dSources and VDBs.

These topics are excerpted from the larger user guide, and are intended to provide you with a quick overview of basic procedures for working with database objects in the Delphix Engine. This guide does not cover setting up and configuring the Delphix Engine, and the requirements of your installation and database platform may require more detailed instructions. We highly recommend that you read the topics linked from the topics in this guide, as well as the conceptual overview topics included at the beginning of each chapter of the user guide, before undertaking complex operations with the Delphix Engine.

- Create a Group
- SQL Server Quick Start Topics
- Set Up a SQL Server Target Environment
- Set Up a SQL Server Source Environment
- Link a SQL Server Data Source
- Provision a SQL Server VDB
- Oracle Quick Start Topics
- Set Up an Oracle Single Instance or RAC Environment
- Link an Oracle Data Source
- Provision an Oracle VDB
- PostgreSQL Quick Start Topics
- Add a PostgreSQL Environment
- Link a PostgreSQL Data Source
- Provision a PostgreSQL VDB
- SAP ASE Quick Start Topics
- Delete a VDB
- Delete a dSource
- Disable a dSource
Oracle Quick Start Topics

These topics, which are excerpted from the larger User Guide, are intended to provide you with a quick overview of working with Oracle database objects in the Delphix Engine. Before undertaking any of these procedures we strongly recommend that you read the topics in the Oracle Support and Requirements section.

- Set Up an Oracle Single Instance or RAC Environment
- Link an Oracle Data Source
- Provision an Oracle VDB
Set Up an Oracle Single Instance or RAC Environment

Prerequisites

- See the topics Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases and Supported Operating Systems and DBMS Versions for Oracle Environments
- There can be one Oracle unique database name (DB_UNIQUE_NAME) per Delphix Engine. For example, if you provision a VDB with a database unique name "ABC" and later try to add an environment which has a source database that also has a database unique name of "ABC", errors will occur.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Environments.
4. Click the Plus icon next to Environments.
5. In the Add Environment dialog, select Unix/Linux.
6. Select Standalone Host or Oracle Cluster, depending on the type of environment you are adding.
7. For standalone Oracle environments enter the Host IP address.
8. For Oracle RAC environments, enter the Node Address and Cluster Home.
9. Enter an optional Name for the environment.
10. Enter the SSH port.
    The default value is 22.
11. Enter a Username for the environment.
    See Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases for more information on the required privileges for the environment user.
12. Select a Login Type.
    For Password, enter the password associated with the user in Step 10.

    Using Public Key Authentication
    If you want to use public key encryption for logging into your environment:
    a. Select Public Key for the Login Type.
    b. Click View Public Key.
    c. Copy the public key that is displayed, and append it to the end of your ~/.ssh/authorized_keys file. If this file does not exist, you will need to create it.
       i. Run chmod 600 authorized_keys to enable read and write privileges for your user.
       ii. Run chmod 755 ~ to make your home directory writable only by your user.

    The public key needs to be added only once per user and per environment.

    You can also add public key authentication to an environment user's profile by using the command line interface, as explained in the topic CLI Cookbook: Setting Up SSH Key Authentication for UNIX Environment Users.

13. For Password Login, click Verify Credentials to test the username and password.
14. Enter a Toolkit Path.
    The toolkit directory stores scripts used for Delphix Engine operations, and should have a persistent working directory rather than a temporary one. The toolkit directory will have a separate sub-directory for each database instance. The toolkit path must have 0770 permissions and at least 345MB of free space.
15. Click OK.

Post-Requisites

After you create the environment, you can view information about it by selecting Manage > Environments, and then select the environment name.
Related Links

- Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases
- Supported Operating Systems and DBMS Versions for Oracle Environments
Link an Oracle Data Source

This topic describes the process of linking to a source database and creating a dSource.

- **Prerequisites**
- **Procedure**
- **Related Links**

### Prerequisites

- Make sure you have the correct user credentials for the source environment, as described in [Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases](#).
- If you are linking a dSource to an Oracle or Oracle RAC physical standby database, you should read the topic [Linking Oracle Physical Standby Databases](#).
- If you are using Oracle Enterprise Edition, you must have Block Change Tracking (BCT) enabled as described in [Requirements for Oracle Source Hosts and Databases](#).
- The source database should be in ARCHIVELOG mode and the NOLOGGING option should be disabled as described in [Requirements for Oracle Source Hosts and Databases](#).
- You may also want to read the topic [Advanced Data Management Settings for Oracle dSources](#).

### Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select Add dSource.
   - Alternatively, on the Environment Management screen, you can click Link next to a database name to start the dSource creation process.
5. In the Add dSource wizard, select the source database.

   **Changing the Environment User**
   
   If you need to change or add an environment user for the source database, see [Managing Oracle Environment Users](#).

6. Enter your login credentials for the source database and click Verify Credentials.
   - If you are linking a mounted standby, click Advanced and enter non-SYS login credentials as well. Click Next. See the topics under [Linking Oracle Physical Standby Databases](#) for more information about how the Delphix Engine uses non-SYS login credentials.
7. In Add dSource/Add Environment wizard, the Toolkit Path can be set to /tmp (or any unused directory).
8. Select a Database Group for the dSource, and then click Next.
   - Adding a dSource to a database group lets you set Delphix Domain user permissions for that database and its objects, such as snapshots. See the topics under [Users, Permissions, and Policies](#) for more information.
9. Select an Initial Load option.
   - By default, the initial load takes place upon completion of the linking process. Alternatively, you can set the initial load to take place according to the SnapSync policy, for example if you want the initial load to take place when the source database is not in use, or after a set of operations have taken place.
10. Select whether the data in the database is Masked.
    - This setting is a flag to the Delphix Engine that the database data is in a masked state. Selecting this option will not mask the data.
11. Select a SnapSync policy.
    - See [Advanced Data Management Settings for Oracle dSources](#) for more information.
12. Click Advanced to edit LogSync, Validated Sync, and Retention policies.
    - See [Advanced Data Management Settings for Oracle dSources](#) for more information.
13. Click Next.
14. Review the dSource Configuration and Data Management information, and then click Finish.
    - The Delphix Engine will initiate two jobs, DB_Link and DB_Sync, to create the dSource. You can monitor these jobs by clicking Active Jobs in the top menu bar, or by selecting System > Event Viewer. When the jobs have successfully completed, the database icon will change to a dSource icon on the Environments > Databases screen, and the dSource will be added to the list of My Databases under its assigned group.

**The dSource Card**

After you have created a dSource, you can view information about it on the dSource card, and also make modifications to its policies.
and permissions. In the Databases panel, click on the Open icon to view the front of the dSource card. The card will then flip, showing you information such as the Source Database and Data Management configuration. For more information, see Advanced Data Management Settings for Oracle dSources.

Related Links

- Advanced Data Management Settings for Oracle dSources
- Requirements for Oracle Source Hosts and Databases
- Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases
- Linking dSources from an Encrypted Oracle Database
- Linking Oracle Physical Standby Databases
- Users, Permissions, and Policies
- Managing Oracle Environment Users
Provision an Oracle VDB

Prerequisites

- You will need to have linked a dSource from a source database, as described in Linking an Oracle Data Source, or have already created a VDB from which you want to provision another VDB.
- You will need to have the correct OS User privileges on the target environment, as described in Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases.
- If you want to use customized database configuration settings, first create a VDB Config Template as described in Customizing Oracle VDB Configuration Settings.
- If you are creating a VDB from a dSource linked to an encrypted database, make sure you have copied the wallet file to the target environment as described in Provisioning a VDB from an Encrypted Oracle Database.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select My Databases.
5. Select a dSource.
6. Select a dSource snapshot.
   - See Provisioning by Snapshot and LogSync in this topic for more information on provisioning options.
   - You can take a snapshot of the dSource to provision from by clicking the Camera icon on the dSource card.
7. Optional: Slide the LogSync slider to the open the snapshot timeline, and then move the arrow along the timeline to provision from a point of time within a snapshot.
   - You can provision from the most recent log entry by opening the snapshot timeline, and then click the red Arrow icon next to the LogSync Slider.
8. Click Provision.
   - The Provision VDB panel will open, and the fields Installation Home, Database Unique Name, SID, Database Name, Mount Base, and Environment User will auto-populate with information from the dSource.
9. If you need to add a new target environment for the VDB, click the green plus icon next to the Filter Target field, and follow the instructions in Adding an Oracle Single Instance or RAC Environment.
10. Review the information for Installation Home, Database Unique Name, SID, and Database Name and edit as necessary.
11. Review the Mount Base and Environment User and edit as necessary.
   - The Environment User must have permissions to write to the specified Mount Base, as described in Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases. You may also want to create a new writeable directory in the target environment with the correct permissions, and use that as the Mount Base for the VDB.
12. Select Provide Privileged Credentials if you want to use login credentials on the target environment other than those associated with the Environment User.
13. Click Advanced to select Oracle Node Listeners or enter any VDB configuration settings or file mappings.
   - For more information, see Customizing Oracle VDB Configuration Settings and Customizing VDB File Mappings.
   - If you are provisioning to a target environment that is running a Linux OS, you will need to compare the SGA_TARGET configuration parameter with the shared memory size in /dev/shm. The shared memory configured on the target host should match the SGA memory target. You can check this by opening the Advanced settings, and then finding the value for SGA_TARGET under DB Configuration.
14. Click Next.
15. Select a Target Group for the VDB.
   - Click the green plus icon to add a new group, if necessary.
16. Select a Snapshot Policy for the VDB.
   - Click the green plus icon to create a new policy, if necessary.
17. Click Next.

18. Enter any operations that should be run at Hooks during the provisioning process.
   For more information, see Customizing Oracle Management with Hook Operations.

19. Click Next.

20. Click Finish.

When provisioning starts, you can review progress of the job in the Databases panel, or in the Job History panel of the Dashboard. When provisioning is complete, the VDB will be included in the group you designated, and listed in the Databases panel. If you select the VDB in the Databases panel and click the Open icon, you can view its card, which contains information about the database and its Data Management settings.

Provisioning by Snapshot or LogSync

When provisioning by snapshot, you can provision to the start of any particular snapshot, either by time or SCN.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provisioning By Snapshot</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provision by Time</td>
<td>You can provision to the start of any snapshot by selecting that snapshot card from the Timeflow view, or by entering a value in the time entry fields below the snapshot cards. The values you enter will snap to the beginning of the nearest snapshot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision by SCN</td>
<td>You can use the Slide to Provision by SCN control to open the SCN entry field. Here, you can type or paste in the SCN you want to provision to. After entering a value, it will &quot;snap&quot; to the start of the closest appropriate snapshot.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When provisioning by LogSync information, you can provision to any point in time, or to any SCN, within a particular snapshot. The TimeFlow view for a dSource shows multiple snapshots by default. To view the LogSync data for an individual snapshot, use the Slide to Open LogSync control at the top of an individual snapshot card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provisioning By LogSync</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provision by SCN</td>
<td>Use the Slide to Open LogSync and Slide to Provision by SCN controls to view the range of SCNs within that snapshot. Drag the red triangle to the LSN that you want to provision from. You can also type or paste in the specific SCN you want to provision to. Note that if the SCN doesn't exist, you will see an error when you provision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision by Time</td>
<td>Use the Slide to Open LogSync control to view the time range within that snapshot. Drag the red triangle to the point in time that you want to provision from. You can also enter a date and time directly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Related Links

- Linking an Oracle Data Source
- Requirements for Oracle Target Hosts and Databases
- Customizing Oracle VDB Configuration Settings
- Provisioning a VDB from an Encrypted Oracle Database
- Adding an Oracle Single Instance or RAC Environment
- Customizing VDB File Mappings
PostgreSQL Quick Start Topics

These topics, which are excerpted from the larger User Guide, are intended to provide you with a quick overview of working with PostgreSQL data sources in the Delphix Engine. Before undertaking any of these procedures we strongly recommend that you read the topics in the PostgreSQL Support and Requirements section.

- Add a PostgreSQL Environment
- Link a PostgreSQL Data Source
- Provision a PostgreSQL VDB
Add a PostgreSQL Environment

This topic describes how to add a PostgreSQL source environment to the Delphix Engine.

Prerequisites

Make sure your environment meets the requirements described in the following topics:

- Requirements for PostgreSQL Source Hosts and Databases
- Requirements for PostgreSQL Target Hosts and Databases
- Supported Operating Systems and Database Versions for PostgreSQL Environments

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Environments.
4. Next to Environments, click the green Plus icon.
5. In the Add Environment dialog, select Unix/Linux in the operating system menu.
6. Select Standalone Host.
7. Enter the Host IP address.
8. Enter an optional Name for the environment.
9. Enter the SSH port.
   The default value is 22.
10. Enter a Username for the environment.
    For more information about the environment user requirements, see Requirements for PostgreSQL Target Hosts and Databases and Requirements for PostgreSQL Source Hosts and Databases.
11. Select a Login Type.
    For Password, enter the password associated with the user in Step 9.

Using Public Key Authentication

If you want to use public key encryption for logging into your environment:

   a. Select Public Key for the Login Type.
   b. Click View Public Key.
   c. Copy the public key that is displayed, and append it to the end of your ~/.ssh/authorized_keys file. If this file does not exist, you will need to create it.
      i. Run chmod 600 authorized_keys to enable read and write privileges for your user.
      ii. Run chmod 755 ~ to make your home directory writable only by your user.

The public key needs to be added only once per user and per environment.

You can also add public key authentication to an environment user’s profile by using the command line interface, as explained in the topic CLI Cookbook: Setting Up SSH Key Authentication for UNIX Environment Users.

12. For Password Login, click Verify Credentials to test the username and password.
13. Enter a Toolkit Path.
    See Requirements for PostgreSQL Target Hosts and Databases and Requirements for PostgreSQL Source Hosts and Databases for more information about the toolkit directory requirements.
14. Click OK.
    As the new environment is added, you will see two jobs running in the Delphix Admin Job History, one to Create and Discover an environment, and another to Create an environment. When the jobs are complete, you will see the new environment added to the list in the Environments panel. If you don’t see it, click the Refresh icon in your browser.

Post-Requisites

- After you create the environment, you can view information about it by selecting Manage > Environments, and then select the environment name.
Related Links

- Setting Up PostgreSQL Environments: An Overview
- Requirements for PostgreSQL Source Hosts and Databases
- Requirements for PostgreSQL Target Hosts and Databases
- Supported Operating Systems and Database Versions for PostgreSQL Environments
- Adding an Installation to a PostgreSQL Environment
Link a PostgreSQL Data Source

This topic describes the basic procedure for linking a dSource from a PostgreSQL database to the Delphix Engine.

Prerequisites

- Make sure you have the correct user credentials for the source environment, as described in Requirements for PostgreSQL Source Hosts and Databases
- You may also want to read the topic Advanced Data Management Settings for PostgreSQL Data Sources.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select Add dSource.
   Alternatively, on the Environment Management screen, you can click Link next to a database name to start the dSource creation process.
5. In the Add dSource wizard, select the source database.

6. Enter your login credentials for DB Cluster User and DB Cluster Password.
7. Click Advanced to enter a Connection Database.
   The Connection Database will be used when issuing SQL queries from the Delphix Engine to the linked database. It can be any existing database that the DB Cluster User has permission to access.
8. Click Next.
9. Select a Database Group for the dSource, and then click Next.
   Adding a dSource to a database group lets you set Delphix Domain user permissions for that database and its objects, such as snapshots. See the topics under Users, Permissions, and Policies for more information.
10. Select a SnapSync Policy, and, if necessary, a Staging Installation for the dSource.
    The Staging installation represents the PostgreSQL binaries that will be used on the staging target to backup and restore the linked database to a warm standby.
11. Click Advanced to select whether the data in the data sources is Masked, to select a Retention Policy, and to indicate whether any pre or post scripts should be executed during the dSource creation.
    For more information, see Advanced Data Management Settings for PostgreSQL Data Sources and Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with PostgreSQL dSources.
12. Click Next.
13. Review the dSource Configuration and Data Management information, and then click Finish.
    The Delphix Engine will initiate two jobs, DB_Link and DB_Sync, to create the dSource. You can monitor these jobs by clicking Active Jobs in the top menu bar, or by selecting System > Event Viewer. When the jobs have successfully completed, the database icon will change to a dSource icon on the Environments > Databases screen, and the dSource will be added to the list of My Databases under its assigned group.

The dSource Card

After you have created a dSource, you can view information about it on the dSource card, and also make modifications to its policies and permissions. In the Databases panel, click on the Open icon to view the front of the dSource card. The card will then flip, showing you information such as the Source Database and Data Management configuration. For more information, see Advanced Data Management Settings for PostgreSQL Data Sources.

Related Links

- Advanced Data Management Settings for PostgreSQL Data Sources
- Requirements for PostgreSQL Target Hosts and Databases
- Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with PostgreSQL dSources
• Users, Permissions, and Policies
Provision a PostgreSQL VDB

This topic describes how to provision a virtual database (VDB) from a PostgreSQL dSource.

Prerequisites

- You will need to have linked a dSource from a source database, as described in Linking a PostgreSQL dSource, or have already created a VDB from which you want to provision another VDB

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select My Databases.
5. Select a dSource.
6. Select a dSource snapshot.
   See Provisioning by Snapshot and LogSync in this topic for more information on provisioning options.

   You can take a snapshot of the dSource to provision from by clicking the Camera icon on the dSource card.

7. Optional: Slide the LogSync slider to the open the snapshot timeline, and then move the arrow along the timeline to provision from a point in time within a snapshot.
8. Click Provision.
   The VDB Provisioning Wizard will open, and the fields Installation, Mount Base, and Environment User will auto-populate with information from the environment configuration.
9. Enter a Port Number.
   The TCP port upon which the VDB will listen.
10. Click Advanced to enter any VDB configuration settings.
    For more information, see Customizing PostgreSQL VDB Configuration Settings.
11. Click Next to continue to the VDB Configuration tab.
12. Modify the VDB Name if necessary.
13. Select a Target Group for the VDB.
14. Click the green Plus icon to add a new group, if necessary.
15. Select a Snapshot Policy for the VDB.
16. Click the green Plus icon to create a new policy, if necessary.
17. Click Next to continue to the Hooks tab.
18. Specify any Hooks to be used during the provisioning process.
    For more information, see Customizing PostgreSQL Management with Hook Operations.
19. Click Next to continue to the Summary tab.
20. Click Finish.
    When provisioning starts, you can review progress of the job in the Databases panel, or in the Job History panel of the Dashboard. When provisioning is complete, the VDB will be included in the group you designated, and listed in the Databases panel. If you select the VDB in the Databases panel and click the Open icon, you can view its card, which contains information about the database and its Data Management settings.

Provisioning by Snapshot or LogSync

When provisioning by snapshot, you can provision to the start of any snapshot by selecting that snapshot card from the Timeflow view, or by entering a value in the time entry fields below the snapshot cards. The values you enter will snap to the beginning of the nearest snapshot.

When provisioning by LogSync information, you can provision to any point in time within a particular snapshot. The TimeFlow view for a dSource shows multiple snapshots by default. To view the LogSync data for an individual snapshot, use the Slide to Open LogSync control at the top of an individual snapshot card to view the time range within that snapshot. Drag the red triangle to the point in time that you want to provision from. You can also enter a date and time directly.
Related Links

- Linking a PostgreSQL dSource
- Requirements for PostgreSQL Target Hosts and Databases
- Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with dSources and VDBs
- Customizing PostgreSQL VDB Configuration Settings
MySQL Quick Start Topics

These topics, which are excerpted from the larger User Guide, are intended to provide you with a quick overview of working with MySQL database objects in the Delphix Engine. Before undertaking any of these procedures we strongly recommend that you read the topics in the MySQL Support and Requirements section.
Add a MySQL Environment

This topic describes how to add a MySQL source environment to the Delphix Engine.

Prerequisites

Make sure your environment meets the requirements described in the following topics:

- Requirements for MySQL Source Hosts and Databases
- Requirements for MySQL Target/Staging Hosts and Databases
- Supported Operating Systems and Database Versions for MySQL Environments

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Environments.
4. Next to Environments, click the green Plus icon.
5. In the Add Environment dialog, select Unix/Linux in the operating system menu.
6. Select Standalone Host.
7. Enter the Host IP address.
8. Enter an optional Name for the environment.
9. Enter the SSH port.
   The default value is 22.
10. Enter a Username for the environment.
    For more information about the environment user requirements, see Requirements for MySQL Target/Staging Hosts and Databases and Requirements for MySQL Source Hosts and Databases.
11. Select a Login Type.
    For Password, enter the password associated with the user in step 9.

    Using Public Key Authentication
    If you want to use public key encryption for logging into your environment:
    a. Select Public Key for the Login Type.
    b. Click View Public Key.
    c. Copy the public key that is displayed, and append it to the end of your ~/.ssh/authorized_keys file. If this file does not exist, you will need to create it.
       i. Run chmod 600 authorized_keys to enable read and write privileges for your user.
       ii. Run chmod 755 ~ to make your home directory writable only by your user.

    The public key needs to be added only once per user and per environment.

    You can also add public key authentication to an environment user’s profile by using the command line interface, as explained in the topic CLI Cookbook: Setting Up SSH Key Authentication for UNIX Environment Users.

12. For Password Login, click Verify Credentials to test the username and password.
13. Enter a Toolkit Path.
    For more information about the toolkit directory requirements, see Requirements for MySQL Target/Staging Hosts and Databases and Requirements for MySQL Source Hosts and Databases.
14. Click OK.
   As the new environment is added, you will see two jobs running in the Delphix Admin Job History, one to Create and Discover an environment, and another to Create an environment. When the jobs are complete, you will see the new environment added to the list in the Environments tab. If you do not see it, click the Refresh icon in your browser.

Post-Requisites

To view information about an environment after you have created it:
1. Click **Manage**.
2. Select **Environments**.
3. Select the **environment name**.

**Related Links**

- Setting Up MySQL Environments: An Overview
- Requirements for MySQL Source Hosts and Databases
- Requirements for MySQL Target/Staging Hosts and Databases
- Supported Operating Systems and Database Versions for MySQL Environments
- Adding an Installation to a MySQL Environment
Link a MySQL dSource

This topic describes the basic procedure for linking a dSource from a MySQL database to the Delphix Engine.

Prerequisites

- Make sure you have the correct user credentials for the source environment, as described in Requirements for MySQL Source Hosts and Databases
- You may also want to read the topic Advanced Data Management Settings for MySQL Data Sources.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Click Add dSource.
   Alternatively, on the Environment Management screen, you can click Link next to a database name to start the dSource creation process.
5. In the Add dSource wizard, select the source database.

6. Enter your login credentials for DB Username and DB Password.
7. Click Next.
8. Select a Database Group for the dSource.
9. Click Next.
   Adding a dSource to a database group lets you set Delphix Domain user permissions for that database and its objects, such as snapshots. For more information, see the topics under Users, Permissions, and Policies.
10. Select the Initial Load type.
   a. If selecting Existing MySQL Backup, provide the Path to the backup and select the Dump Type.
11. Select a SnapSync Policy, a Staging Installation, and a Staging Port for the dSource.
   The Staging installation represents the MySQL binaries that will be used on the staging target to backup and restore the linked database to a replication slave.
12. If you want to enable LogSync, check the LogSync checkbox.
13. Click Advanced to select a Retention Policy and to manually specify replication coordinates.
   For more information, see Advanced Data Management Settings for MySQL Data Sources.
14. Click Next.
15. Specify any operations to run before and after the initial sync.
   For more information, see Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with MySQL dSources.
16. Click Next.
17. Review the dSource Configuration and Data Management information.
18. Click Finish.

The Delphix Engine will initiate two jobs, DB_Link and DB_Sync, to create the dSource. You can monitor these jobs by clicking Active Jobs in the top menu bar, or by selecting System > Event Viewer. When the jobs have successfully completed, the database icon will change to a dSource icon on the Environments > Databases screen, and the dSource will be added to the list of My Databases under its assigned group.

The dSource Card

After you have created a dSource, you can view information about it on the dSource card, and also make modifications to its policies and permissions. In the Databases panel, click the Open icon to view the front of the dSource card. The card will then flip, showing you information such as the Source Database and Data Management configuration. For more information, see Advanced Data Management Settings for MySQL Data Sources.

Related Links

Changing the Environment User
If you need to change or add an environment user for the source database, see Managing MySQL Environment Users.
• Requirements for MySQL Source Hosts and Databases
• Advanced Data Management Settings for MySQL Data Sources
• Managing MySQL Environment Users
• Requirements for MySQL Target/Staging Hosts and Databases
• Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with MySQL dSources
• Users, Permissions, and Policies
Provision a MySQL VDB

This topic describes how to provision a virtual database (VDB) from a MySQL dSource.

Prerequisites

You must have already:

- linked a dSource from a source database, as described in Linking a MySQL dSource
- created a VDB from which you want to provision another VDB

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Click My Databases.
4. Select a dSource.
5. Select a dSource snapshot.
   For more information on provisioning options, see Provisioning by Snapshot or LogSync below.
6. Optional: Slide the LogSync slider to open the snapshot timeline, and then move the arrow along the timeline to provision from a point in time within a snapshot.
7. Click Provision.
   The VDB Provisioning Wizard will open, and the fields Installation, Mount Base, and Environment User will auto-populate with information from the environment configuration.
8. Enter a Port Number. This is the TCP port upon which the VDB will listen.
9. Click Advanced followed by clicking the green Plus icon (Add Parameter) to add new or update existing VDB configuration settings on the template provided.
   For more information, see Customizing MySQL VDB Configuration Settings.
10. Click Next to continue to the VDB Configuration tab.
11. Modify the VDB Name if necessary.
12. Select a Target Group for the VDB.
13. If necessary, click the green Plus icon to add a new group.
14. Select a Snapshot Policy for the VDB.
15. If necessary, click the green Plus icon to create a new policy.
16. Click on LogSync option to enable LogSync process for point-in-time provisioning/refresh.
17. Click Next to continue to the Hooks tab.
18. Specify any Hooks to be used during the provisioning process.
   For more information, see Customizing MySQL Management with Hook Operations.
19. Click Next to continue to the Summary tab.
20. Verify all the information displayed for the VDB is correct.
21. Click Finish.

When provisioning starts, you can view progress of the job in the Databases panel or in the Job History panel of the Dashboard. When provisioning is complete, the VDB will be included in the group you designated, and listed in the Databases panel. If you select the VDB in the Databases panel and click the Open icon, you can view its card, which contains information about the database and its Data Management settings.

Provisioning by Snapshot or LogSync

When provisioning by snapshot, you can provision to the start of any snapshot by selecting that snapshot card from the Timeflow view, or by entering a value in the time entry fields below the snapshot cards. The values you enter will snap to the beginning of the nearest snapshot.

When provisioning by LogSync information, you can provision to any point in time within a particular snapshot. The TimeFlow view for a dSource shows multiple snapshots by default. To view the LogSync data for an individual snapshot, use the Slide to Open LogSync control at the top of an individual snapshot card to view the time range within that snapshot. Drag the red triangle to the point in time from which you want to provision.
You can also enter a date and time directly.

Related Links

- Linking a MySQL dSource
- Requirements for MySQL Target/Staging Hosts and Databases
- Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with dSources and VDBs
- Customizing MySQL VDB Configuration Settings
SQL Server Quick Start Topics

These topics, which are excerpted from the larger User Guide, are intended to provide you with quick overview of how to work with SQL Server database objects in the Delphix Engine. Before undertaking any of these procedures we strongly recommend that you read the topics in the SQL Server Support and Requirements section.

- Set Up a SQL Server Target Environment
- Set Up a SQL Server Source Environment
- Link a SQL Server Data Source
- Provision a SQL Server VDB
Set Up a SQL Server Target Environment

This topic describes how to add a SQL Server standalone target environment to the Delphix Engine.

As explained in Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview SQL Server targets can be used for three purposes in a Delphix Engine deployment:

- They can host a target environment for the provisioning of Virtual Databases (VDBs)
- They can host a staging database for a linked dSource and run the validated sync process
- They can serve as a proxy host for database discovery on source hosts

Regardless of the specific purpose, all Windows targets must have the Delphix Connector installed to enable communication between the host and the Delphix Engine. The instructions in this topic cover initiating the Add Target process in the Delphix Engine interface, running the Delphix Connector installer on the target machine, and then verifying that the target has been added in the Delphix Engine interface.

Prerequisites

- Make sure your target environment meets the requirements described in Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases.
- On the Windows machine that you want to use as a target, you will need to download the Delphix Connector software through the Delphix Engine interface, install it and then register that machine with the Delphix Engine.

Procedure

Flash Player Required for Connector Download
A Flash player must be available on the target host to download the Delphix Connector when using the Delphix GUI. If the target host does not have a Flash player installed, you can download the connector directly from the Delphix Engine by navigating to this URL: http://<name of your Delphix Engine>/connector/DelphixConnectorInstaller.msi

1. From the machine that you want to use as a target, start a browser session and connect to the Delphix Engine GUI using the delphix_admin login.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Environments.
4. Next to Environments, click the green Plus icon.
5. In the Add Environment dialog, select Windows in the operating system menu.
6. Select Target.
7. Select Standalone.
8. Click the download link for the Delphix Connector Installer. The Delphix Connector will download to your local machine.
9. On the Windows machine that you want to use as a target, run the Delphix Connector installer. Click Next to advance through each of the installation wizard screens.

The installer will only run on 64-bit Windows systems. 32-bit systems are not supported.

a. For Connector Configuration, make sure there is no firewall in your environment blocking traffic to the port on the target environment that the Delphix Connector service will listen to.
b. For Select Installation Folder, either accept the default folder, or click Browse to select another.
c. Click Next on the installer final 'Confirm Installation' dialog to complete the installation process and then Close to exit the DelphixConnector Install Program.
d. Note. The Delphix GUI dialog can be closed using the 'Cancel' button at this point.
e. Navigate to the folder where the Connector was installed (e.g. C:\Program Files\Delphix\DelphixConnector)
f. Run this batch script as Administrator: <Delphix Connector installation folder>\Delphix\DelphixConnector\connector\addhostgui.cmd. When the Add Windows Target Environment Wizard launches, provide the Target Host IP Address, Delphix Engine IP Address, your login credentials, and the environment user on the Windows target host.
g. After providing this information, click Submit, and then click Yes to confirm the target environment addition request.
10. In the Delphix Engine interface, you will see a new icon for the Target environment, and two jobs running in the Delphix Admin Job.
History. one to Create and Discover an environment, and another to Create an environment. When the jobs are complete, click on the icon for the new environment, and you will see the details for the environment.

Post-Requisites

- On the target machine, in the Windows Start Menu, go to Services > Extended Services, and make sure that the Delphix Connector service has a Status of Started, and that the Startup Type is Automatic.

Related Links

- Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview
- Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases
Set Up a SQL Server Source Environment

This topic describes how to add a SQL Server source environment.

Prerequisites

- You must have already set up SQL Server target environments, as described in Adding a SQL Server Standalone Target Environment
- You will need to specify a target environment that will act as a proxy for running SQL Server instance and database discovery on the source, as explained in Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview
- Make sure your source environment meets the requirements described in Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Environments.
4. Next to Environments, click the green Plus icon.
5. In the Add Environment dialog, select Windows in the operating system menu.
   a. If you are adding a Windows Server Failover Cluster (WSFC), add the environment based on which WSFC feature the source databases use:
      i. Failover Cluster Instances
         Add the environment as a standalone source using the cluster name or address.
      ii. AlwaysOn Availability Groups
         Add the environment as a cluster source using the cluster name or address.
   b. Otherwise, add the environment as a standalone source.
7. Select a Connector Environment.
   Connector environments are used as proxy for running discovery on the source. If no connector environments are available for selection, you will need to set them up as described in Adding a SQL Server Standalone Target Environment. Connector environments must:
   - have the Delphix Connector installed
   - be registered with the Delphix Engine from the host machine where they are located.
8. Enter the Host Address, Username, and Password for the source environment.
9. Click Validate Credentials.
10. Click OK, and then click Yes to confirm the source environment addition request.
    As the new environment is added, you will see multiple jobs running in the Delphix Admin Job History to Create and Discover an environment. In addition, if you are adding a cluster environment, you will see jobs to Create and Discover each node in the cluster and their corresponding hosts. When the jobs are complete, you will see the new environment added to the list in the Environments panel. If you don’t see it, click the Refresh icon.

Related Links

- Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview
- Adding a SQL Server Standalone Target Environment
- Adding a SQL Server Failover Cluster Target Environment
- Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases
Link a SQL Server Data Source

- Prerequisites
- Procedure
- Related Links

Prerequisites

- Be sure that the source database meets the requirements described in Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases
- You should already have set up a staging target environment as described in Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview and Adding a Windows Target Environment

Maximum Size of a Database that Can Be Linked

- If the staging environment uses the Windows 2003 operating system, the largest size of database that you can link to the Delphix Engine is 2TB. This is also the largest size to which a virtual database (VDB) can grow.
- For all other Windows versions, the maximum size for databases and VDBs is 32TB

In both cases, the maximum size of the database and resulting VDBs is determined by the operating system on the staging target host.

Failover cluster environments cannot be used for staging

When linking a dSource, you cannot use SQL Server failover cluster instances as staging instances. When linking, select a standalone SQL Server instance to use.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials or as the owner of the database from which you want to provision the dSource.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select Add dSource.
   Alternatively, on the Environment Management screen, you can click Link next to a database name to start the dSource creation process.
5. In the Add dSource wizard, select the source database.

   Changing the Environment User
   If you need to change or add an environment user for the source database, see Managing SQL Server Environment Users.

6. Enter your login credentials for the source database.
7. Click Verify Credentials.
8. Click Next.
9. Select a Database Group for the dSource.
10. Click Next.
    Adding a dSource to a database group lets you set Delphix Domain user permissions for that database and its objects, such as snapshots. For more information, see the topics under Users, Permissions, and Policies.

   If your data source name contains non-ASCII characters, you will need to change the default dSource name to something that uses only ASCII characters.

11. Select the method for the Initial Load.
    For details on initial load options, see Linking a dSource from a SQL Server Database: An Overview.
12. Enter a backup path from which the source database backups will be available for the Delphix Engine to restore.
    Alternatively, select Autodiscover to have the Delphix Engine automatically locate the backups by querying MSDB.
13. Select the target environment for creating the staging database for validated sync.
14. Select a standalone SQL Server instance on the target environment for hosting the staging database.
15. Select whether the data in the database is Masked.
16. Select whether you want LogSync enabled for the dSource. For more information, see Advanced Data Management Settings for SQL Server dSources.

LogSync Disabled by Default
LogSync is disabled by default for SQL Server data sources. For more information about how LogSync functions with SQL Server data sources, see Managing SQL Server Data Sources.

17. Click Advanced to edit retention policies and specify pre- and post-scripts. For details on pre- and post-scripts, refer to Customizing SQL Server Management with Pre- and Post-Scripts. Additionally, if the source database's backups use LiteSpeed or RedGate password protected encryption, you can supply the encryption key the Delphix Engine should use to restore those backups.

18. Click Next.
19. Review the dSource Configuration and Data Management information.
20. Click Finish.

The Delphix Engine will initiate two jobs to create the dSource, DB_Link and DB_Sync. You can monitor these jobs by clicking Active Jobs in the top menu bar, or by selecting System > Event Viewer. When the jobs have completed successfully, the database icon will change to a dSource icon on the Environments > Databases screen, and the dSource will appear in the list of My Databases under its assigned group.

You can view the current state of Validated Sync for the dSource on the dSource card itself.

The dSource Card
After you have created a dSource, the dSource card allows you to view information about it and make modifications to its policies and permissions. In the Databases panel, click the Open icon to view the front of the dSource card. You can then flip the card to see information such as the Source Database and Data Management configuration. For more information, see the topic Advanced Data Management Settings for SQL Server dSources.

Related Links

- Users, Permissions, and Policies
- Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview
- Linking a dSource from a SQL Server Database: An Overview
- Advanced Data Management Settings for SQL Server dSources
- Adding a SQL Server Standalone Target Environment
- Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases
- Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with SQL Server dSources
Provision a SQL Server VDB

Prerequisites

- You will need to have linked a dSource from a source database, as described in Linking a SQL Server dSource, or have already created a VDB from which you want to provision another VDB
- You should already have set up Windows target environments and installed the Delphix Connector on them, as described in Adding a SQL Server Standalone Target Environment
- Make sure you have the required privileges on the target environment as described in Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases
- If you are provisioning to a different target environment than the one where the staging database has been set up, you need to make sure that the two environments have compatible operating systems, as described in Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases. For more information on the staging database and the validated sync process, see Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select My Databases.
5. Select a dSource.
6. Select a means of provisioning.
   - See Provisioning by Snapshot and LogSync in this topic for more information.
7. Click Provision.
   - The Provision VDB panel will open, and the Database Name and Recovery Model will auto-populate with information from the dSource.
8. Select a target environment from the left pane.
9. Select an Instance to use.
10. If the selected target environment is a Windows Failover Cluster environment, select a drive letter from Available Drives. This drive will contain volume mount points to Delphix storage.
11. Specify any Pre or Post Scripts that should be used during the provisioning process.
    - For more information, see Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with SQL Server dSources.
12. Click Next.
13. Select a Target Group for the VDB.
    - Click the green Plus icon to add a new group, if necessary.
14. Select a Snapshot Policy for the VDB.
    - Click the green Plus icon to create a new policy, if necessary.
15. Click Next.
16. If your Delphix Engine system administrator has configured the Delphix Engine to communicate with an SMTP server, you will be able to specify one or more people to notify when the provisioning is done. You can choose other Delphix Engine users, or enter email addresses.
17. Click Finish.
   - When provisioning starts, you can review progress of the job in the Databases panel, or in the Job History panel of the Dashboard.
   - When provisioning is complete, the VDB will be included in the group you designated, and listed in the Databases panel. If you select the VDB in the Databases panel and click the Open icon, you can view its card, which contains information about the database and its Data Management settings.

You can select a SQL Server instance that has a higher version than the source database and the VDB will be automatically upgraded. For more information about compatibility between different versions of SQL Server, see SQL Server Operating System Compatibility Matrices.

Provisioning by Snapshot or LogSync

When provisioning by snapshot, you can provision to the start of any particular snapshot, either by time or LSN.
You can take a new snapshot of the dSource and provision from it by clicking the Camera icon on the dSource card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provisioning By Snapshot</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provision by Time</td>
<td>You can provision to the start of any snapshot by selecting that snapshot card from the TimeFlow view, or by entering a value in the time entry fields below the snapshot cards. The values you enter will snap to the beginning of the nearest snapshot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision by LSN</td>
<td>You can use the Slide to Provision by LSN control to open the LSN entry field. Here, you can type or paste in the LSN you want to provision to. After entering a value, it will &quot;snap&quot; to the start of the closest appropriate snapshot.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If LogSync is enabled on the dSource, you can provision by LogSync information. When provisioning by LogSync information, you can provision to any point in time, or to any LSN, within a particular snapshot. The TimeFlow view for a dSource shows multiple snapshots by default. To view the LogSync data for an individual snapshot, use the Slide to Open LogSync control at the top of an individual snapshot card.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provisioning By LogSync</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provision by Time</td>
<td>Use the Slide to Open LogSync control to view the time range within that snapshot. Drag the red triangle to the point in time that you want to provision from. You can also enter a date and time directly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision by LSN</td>
<td>Use the Slide to Open LogSync and Slide to Provision by LSN controls to view the range of LSNs within that snapshot. You must type or paste in the specific LSN you want to provision to. Note that if the LSN doesn't exist, you will see an error when you provision.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Related Links

- Linking a SQL Server dSource
- Adding a SQL Server Standalone Target Environment
- Adding a SQL Server Failover Cluster Target Environment
- Requirements for SQL Server Target Hosts and Databases
- Setting Up SQL Server Environments: An Overview
- Using Pre- and Post-Scripts with dSources and SQL Server VDBs
SAP ASE Quick Start Topics
Add an SAP ASE Environment

Prerequisites
See Requirements for SAP ASE Source Hosts and Databases.

Procedure
1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Environments.
4. Click the Plus icon next to Environments.
5. In the Add Environment dialog, select Unix/Linux.
6. Select Standalone Host.
7. Enter the Host IP address.
8. Enter an optional Name for the environment.
9. Enter the SSH port.
   The default value is 22.
10. Enter a Username for the environment.
11. Select a Login Type.
12. For Password, enter the password associated with the user in Step 10.

   Using Public Key Authentication
   If you want to use public key encryption for logging into your environment:
   a. Select Public Key for the Login Type.
   b. Click View Public Key.
   c. Copy the public key that is displayed, and append it to the end of your ~/.ssh/authorized_keys file. If this file does not exist, you will need to create it.
      i. Run chmod 600 authorized_keys to enable read and write privileges for your user.
      ii. Run chmod 755 ~ to make your home directory writable only by your user.
   The public key needs to be added only once per user and per environment.
   You can also add public key authentication to an environment user's profile by using the command line interface, as explained in the topic CLI Cookbook: Setting Up SSH Key Authentication for UNIX Environment Users.

13. For Password Login, click Verify Credentials to test the username and password.
14. Enter a Toolkit Path.
   The toolkit directory stores scripts used for Delphix Engine operations. It must have a persistent working directory rather than a temporary one. The toolkit directory will have a separate sub-directory for each database instance. The toolkit path must have 0770 permissions.
15. Click the Discover SAP ASE checkbox.
16. Enter a Username for an instance on the environment.
17. Enter the Password associated with the user in Step 15.
18. Click OK.

Post-Requisites
After you create the environment, you can view information about it by selecting Manage > Environments and then selecting the environment name.

Related Links
• Link an SAP ASE Data Source
Link an SAP ASE Data Source

This topic describes the process of linking to a source database and creating a dSource.

Prerequisites

- Make sure you have correctly set up the source and target environment, as described in Managing SAP ASE Environments

**Dump file requirements**

- Database and transaction log dumps which will be used by Delphix must be taken using native ASE format.
- Dump devices are not supported, database and transaction dumps which will be used by Delphix must be taken to filesystem files.
- If ASE dump compression is being used the dumps must be generated using the `compression = compress_level` syntax. The older `compress::compress_level` syntax is not supported.

**Before linking**

Delphix will load a full dump to the ASE staging instance during linking. Loading very large databases can potentially exhaust available master database log segments. Ensure that the master database log size is sufficient to load the source database size. In addition, consider setting up a threshold procedure on the staging ASE instance to truncate the master database log before initiating the linking process.

**Procedure**

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Click Add dSource.
   
   Alternatively, on the Environment Management screen, you can click Link next to a database name to start the dSource creation process.
5. In the Add dSource wizard, select the source database.
6. Enter your login credentials for the source database.
7. Click Verify Credentials.
8. Click Next.
9. Select a Database Group for the dSource.
   
   Adding a dSource to a database group lets you set Delphix Domain user permissions for that database and its objects, such as snapshots. For more information, see the topics under Users, Permissions, and Policies.
10. Click Next.
11. Select an Initial Load option and enter any additional settings needed. There are three different options for the initial load of the dSource:
    - **New Full Backup** - Let Delphix create a new full backup file and load it. Note that when Delphix creates the backup, it is dumped to Delphix storage, not the Backup Location specified in the next step.
    - **Most Recent Existing Full Backup** - Find the most recent existing full backup file in the Backup Location and load it.
    - **Specific Existing Full Backup** - Specify which backup files in the Backup Location that you want to load.
12. Enter the Backup Location. This is the directory where the database backups are stored. Delphix recursively searches this location so the database backups or transaction logs may reside in any subdirectories below the path entered.
13. Optionally, enter the Load Backup Server Name. If you have multiple backup servers in your staging environment, you may specify the name of the backup server here to load database dumps and transaction logs into the staging database. If you leave this parameter empty, the server designated as “SYB_BACKUP” will be used.
14. Select whether the data in the database is **Masked**.
   
   This setting is a flag to the Delphix Engine that the database data is in a masked state. Selecting this option will not mask the data.
15. Enable or disable LogSync.
16. Select Backup Location Type.
17. Click Advanced to edit Retention policies, Pre and Post Scripts and External Data Directory.
18. Click Next.
19. Review the dSource Configuration and Data Management information, and then click Finish.

   The Delphix Engine will initiate two jobs, **DB_Link** and **DB_Sync**, to create the dSource. You can monitor these jobs by clicking Active Jobs in the top menu bar, or by selecting System > Event Viewer. When the jobs have successfully completed, the database icon will change to a dSource icon on the Environments > Databases screen, and the dSource will be added to the list of My Databases under its assigned group.

---

**The dSource Card**

After you have created a dSource, you can view information about it on the dSource card. You can also make modifications to its policies and permissions. To view the front of the dSource card, click the Open icon in the Databases panel. The card will then flip, showing you information such as the Source Database and Data Management configuration.

---

**Related Links**

- Requirements for SAP ASE Source Environments
- Requirements for SAP ASE Target Hosts and Databases
- Users, Permissions, and Policies
Provision an SAP ASE VDB

This topic describes how to provision a virtual database (VDB) from a SAP ASE dSource.

Prerequisites

Before you provision an SAP ASE VDB, you must:

- Have linked a dSource from a source database, as described in Linking an SAP ASE Data Source, or have already created a VDB from which you want to provision another VDB
- Have set up target environments as described in Adding an SAP ASE Environment
- Ensure that you have the required privileges on the target environment as described in Requirements for SAP ASE Target Hosts and Databases
- If you are provisioning to a target environment that is different from the one in which you set up the staging database, you must make sure that the two environments have compatible operating systems, as described in Requirements for SAP ASE Target Hosts and Databases. For more information on the staging database and the validated sync process, see Managing SAP ASE Environments: An Overview.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application.
2. Click Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Click My Databases.
5. Select a dSource.
6. Select a means of provisioning. For more information, see Provisioning by Snapshot and LogSync.
7. Click Provision.
   The Provision VDB panel will open, and the Instance and Database Name fields will auto-populate with information from the dSource.
8. Select whether to enable Truncate Log on Checkpoint database option for the VDB.
9. Click Next.
10. Select a Target Group for the VDB. Click the green Plus icon to add a new group, if necessary.
11. Select a Snapshot Policy for the VDB. Click the green Plus icon to create a new policy, if necessary.
12. Click Next.
13. Specify any Hooks to be used during the provisioning process. For more information, see Customizing SAP ASE Management with Hook Operations.
14. If your Delphix Engine system administrator has configured the Delphix Engine to communicate with an SMTP server, you will be able to specify one or more people to notify when the provisioning is done. You can choose other Delphix Engine users or enter email addresses.
15. Click Finish.
   When provisioning starts, you can review progress of the job in the Databases panel, or in the Job History panel of the Dashboard. When provisioning is complete, the VDB will be included in the group you designated, and it will be listed in the Databases panel. If you select the VDB in the Databases panel and click the Open icon, you can view its card, which contains information about the database and its Data Management settings.

Provisioning by Snapshot

You can provision to the start of any snapshot by selecting that snapshot card from the TimeFlow view, or by entering a value in the time entry fields below the snapshot cards. The values you enter will snap to the beginning of the nearest snapshot.

Provisioning by LogSync

If LogSync is enabled on the dSource, you can provision by LogSync information. When provisioning by LogSync information, you can provision to any point in time within a particular snapshot. The TimeFlow view for a dSource shows multiple snapshots by default. To view the LogSync data for an individual snapshot, use the Slide to Open LogSync control at the top of an individual snapshot card. Drag the red triangle to the point in time from which you want to provision. You can also enter a date and time directly.
Related Links

- Linking an SAP ASE Data Source
- Adding an SAP ASE Environment
- Requirements for SAP ASE Target Hosts and Databases
- Managing SAP ASE Environments: An Overview
- Customizing SAP ASE Management with Hook Operations
Create a Group

Before you can link to a dSource or provision a VDB, you will need to create a group that will contain your database objects. Permissions and policies for database objects are also determined within the group, as described in Users, Groups, and Permissions: An Overview.

When you first start up the Delphix Engine, a default group, <New Group>, is already defined. You can edit the name of this group, as well as the policies and permissions associated with it, to use as your first group, or you can create a group as described in the following steps.

Groups for dSources and VDBs
Since policies and permissions for database objects are set by the group they belong too, you may want to create two groups, one for dSources, one for VDBs, so you can set policies and permissions by object types.

Excerpt not found
The page: Adding and Deleting Groups was found, however the excerpt named: Procedure was not found. Please check/update the excerpt name.
Delete a dSource

Prerequisites

- You cannot delete a dSource that has dependent VDBs. Before deleting a dSource, make sure all dependent VDBs have been deleted as described in Delete a VDB.

Procedure

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Select Manage.
3. Select Databases.
4. Select My Databases.
5. In the Databases panel, select the dSource you want to delete.
6. Click the Trash Can icon.
7. Click Yes to confirm.

⚠️ Deleting a dSource will also delete all snapshots, logs, and descendant VDB Refresh policies for that database. The deletion cannot be undone.
Delete a VDB

This topic describes how to delete a VDB.

**Procedure**

1. Login to the Delphix Admin application using Delphix Admin credentials.
2. Click Manage.
3. Click My Databases.
4. Select the VDB you want to delete.
5. Click the Trash icon.
6. Click Yes to confirm.
Disable a dSource

This topic describes how to enable and disable dSources for operations such as backup and restore.

For certain processes, such as backing up and restoring the source database, you may want to temporarily disable your dSource. Disabling a dSource turns off communication between the dSource and the source database, but does not tear down the configuration that enables communication and data updating to take place. When a disabled dSource is later enabled, it will resume communication and incremental data updates from the source database according to the original policies and data management configurations that you set.

Disabling a dSource is also a prerequisite for several other operations, like database migration and upgrading the dSource after upgrade of the associated data source.

Procedure

1. Click Manage.
2. Select Databases.
3. Click My Databases.
4. Select the dSource you want to disable.
5. On the back of the dSource card, move the slider control from Enabled to Disabled.
6. Click Yes to acknowledge the warning.

When you are ready to enable the dSource again, move the slider control from Disabled to Enabled, and the dSource will continue to function as it did previously.